# REQUIREMENTS FOR TRAFFIC STUDIES WITH FUTURE LEVEL-OF-SERVICE ANALYSIS

#### **OVERVIEW**

- Developments that generate more than 50 peak-hour trips are required to attend a traffic study scoping meeting prior to submittal. The scoping meeting typically takes place at the same time as the pre-submittal meeting. This document provides a detailed description of the elements that will be required in the traffic study and those documents the applicant will need to provide with their initial application submittal and those that will be provided to applicant at the scoping meeting.
- As much as possible, to facilitate review and to establish a clear and substantive "record," it
  is highly recommended that the entire traffic study be bound in one document and all
  supporting documentation should be included in the traffic study including, but not limited
  to, signed traffic study scoping sheets, pre-approved distributions, e-mail exchanges, traffic
  counts, travel time studies, pipeline reports, traffic signal timing sheets, and all other
  supporting documentation that may help facilitate review.

#### COUNTY CONTACTS FOR INFORMATION AND SUPPORT

Contact the following staff for data and other information.

Traffic Data including counts, travel time studies, signal timing sheets, etc.

- Don Wisehart, (425) 388-3488 ext. 4593 or don.wisehart@snoco.org
- David Schuurman, (425) 388-3488 ext. 2646 or <u>david.schuurman@snoco.org</u>

### Pipeline Inventory Reports

■ Elbert Esparza, (425) 388-3184, elbert.esparza@snoco.org

#### Concurrency Coordination (PDS Traffic Reviewers)

- Mark Brown, (425) 262-2024, <u>mark.brown@snoco.org</u>
- Ann Goetz, (425) 262-2036, ann.goetz@snoco.org
- David Irwin, (425) 262-2229, david.irwin@snoco.org

#### Scheduling a Chapter 30.66B Pre-submittal Appointment

**425 388-6440** 

#### SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS / OTHER INFORMATION

Critical Arterial Units (Provided by County staff at the pre-submittal meeting)

The following documents can be found on the County's web at: http://www.snohomishcountywa.gov/888/Traffic-Mitigation-Concurrency)

- Required Format for Trip Distributions
- Synchro Calibration Revision
- State Highways of Statewide Significance as Designated by WSDOT
- Additional Traffic Submittal Requirements Developments Generating More Than 50 Peak-Hour Trips
- Information to Provide Developers Doing Traffic Studies
- Key intersections (Lists and Maps)
- Arterial Unit Categories
- List of Six-Year Network Assumptions

#### REQUIRED TRAFFIC STUDY ELEMENTS

Upon submittal, applications for developments that generate more than 50 peak-hour trips must include future level-of-service analysis with all of the traffic study elements identified below (Preferably clearly marked with the same headings as shown below, A – G, and in the same order).

# \_\_\_ A. Project Identification

- 1. Name of Project, Applicant's Name
- 2. Identify the preparer of the traffic study: Name, Address, Phone Number, E-Mail. and FAX Number

## \_\_\_ B. Location and Access:

- 1. 8 ½" by 11" vicinity map showing location of subject parcels and nearby arterials
- 2. Access Descriptions. Describe all possible access locations in broad terms as in the following example:

"One possible access will be from the west side of 4th AV W between 108th ST SW and 112th ST SW. Another possible access will be from the north side of 108th ST SW between 4th AV W and Meridian."

3. Access Scenarios. Describe the access scenario(s) used to evaluate level of service.

<u>Option A.</u> Access Worst-Case Scenario. Describe the "worst-case" access scenario in terms of impacts on the level-of-service of the road system. Use the same broad format for describing access as in the following example.

"In terms of impacts on the level-of-service of the road system, the worst case scenario would be if the only access was onto 108<sup>th</sup> ST SW between 4<sup>th</sup> AV W and Meridian."

<u>Option B.</u> Alternative Access Scenarios. Instead of describing one "worst-case" access scenario, an applicant may also do all of the level-of-service analysis for different access scenarios as in the following example:

Alternative One: Access Only from 4<sup>th</sup> AV W.
Alternative Two: Access Only from 108<sup>th</sup> ST SW.

Alternative Three: Access from both 4<sup>th</sup> AV W and 108<sup>th</sup> ST SW.

# \_\_ C. Trip Generation

1. <u>Trip Generation Assumptions</u>. Clearly identify all assumptions used for trip generation.

Calculate trip generation for the peak hours of the adjacent street system Describe type of land use (e.g., SFR, MFR, retail, school, church,...)
Assume maximum Size (e.g., 100 lots, 10,000 square feet,...)
Other assumptions discussed at scoping meeting

- 2. <u>Trip Reduction</u>. Provide clear rationale for any trip reduction percentages proposed.
  - Transportation Demand Management (TDM)
  - Pass By Trips
  - Internal Capture Trips
  - Existing Trips From Site
  - Other
- 3. <u>Number of Peak-Hour Trips</u>. Calculate the net new and maximum peak-hour trips generated for:

AM peak hour of adjacent road system PM peak hour of adjacent road system

4. <u>Trip Generation for ADT and Other Time Periods</u>. Provide trip generation for average daily trips (ADT) for calculation of County impact fees, and trip generation for any special time periods that may be required by the County for "special" uses such as schools or heavy weekend generators.

# \_\_\_ D. Trip Distribution and Assignment

1. <u>Horizon Year</u>. Propose horizon year for traffic forecast if other than six years in the future.

The horizon year in almost all cases will be six years in the future. The applicant will be told if Public Works has determined that a different horizon year should be used. The applicant may also propose a different horizon year, provide justification, and Public Works will consider it.

2. Trip distributions and assignments.

Use format for AM and PM trip distributions and assignments (See instructions provided by Public Works on its 30.66B web page at: <a href="http://wa-snohomishcounty.civicplus.com/DocumentCenter/View/6720">http://wa-snohomishcounty.civicplus.com/DocumentCenter/View/6720</a>)

List future network assumptions for horizon year.

- DPW, in its adopted TIP, has identified County arterials for which a funding commitment is in place and which will be constructed within six years. (Attach copy of "Six-Year Network Assumptions" Provided by DPW.) That list also identifies other agency projects that DPW has identified, but should not be considered as a definitive list for other agency projects.
- List any other network assumptions. The applicant is ultimately responsible for identifying projects in other jurisdictions or WSDOT projects for which funding is committed and project completion will be within six years.
- 3. Transportation Service Area (TSA). Determine the developments TSA.

# \_\_\_ E. Identify Critical Arterial Units and Critical Movements on Critical Arterial Units

- 1. Attach the Critical Arterial Units List for the developments TSA provided by Public Works.
- 2. List any other critical arterial units identified by Public works on Traffic Study Scoping Sheet as needing analysis.

AU No.	Name of Arterial	Limits (From / To)	Category

3. List all "impacted" critical arterial units.

"Impacted arterial unit" means that based on the development's peak-hour trip assignments, that 3 or more AM or PM peak-hour trips (PHT) are added to the arterial unit in one direction. For each impacted critical arterial unit, show the critical movement(s), e.g., AM NB, PM NB, AM SB, and/or PM SB. See sample list below for recommended format.

Sample List of Impacted Critical Arterial Units and Critical Movements

AU No.	Arterial Unit Description and	<b>Critical Movements</b>			
AU NO.	Limits	Peak Hour	Directions		
332	39th AV SE between 228th ST	AM	NB and SB		
	SE and SR-524	PM	NB and SB		
333	228th ST SE between 39th AV	AM	EB and WB		
ააა -	SE and 35 <sup>th</sup> AV SE	PM	EB and WB		

# \_\_\_ F. Level of Service Analysis for Impacted Critical Arterial Unit Movements

1. List key Intersections for impacted critical arterial unit (indicate Intersection ID#, Major Leg, Minor Leg)

Sample List of Key Intersections for Impacted Critical Arterial Units

Arterial Unit ID#	Key Intersection ID#	Major Leg	Minor Leg
332	190	228 ST SE	39 AVE SE
	191	SR 524	39 AVE SE
	393	39 AVE SE	212 ST SE
222	190	228 ST SE	39 AVE SE
333	373	35 AVE SE (BTHL)	228 ST SE

- 2. Obtain current AM and PM peak hour counts for each key intersection on impacted critical arterial units. The count date should not be more than one year prior to the submittal date of the report. An older count is only acceptable with prior written permission from the department (e-mail exchange OK). If counts are not available from Public Works then they must be provided by the applicant.
  - Attach count sheet (8 ½ by 11") with traffic study
  - Provide Electronic copy of raw data and summaries if available
  - Show source and date of count

Many counts are available from DPW. To request a count from DPW provide the following information:

- Intersection ID#,
- TSA,
- · Major Leg, and
- Minor Leg.

- 3. Attach copy of pipeline inventory reports obtained from Public Works for each key intersection. The information in the pipeline forecast report is valid for ninety days from the date of the report, except as shown in the next section:
- 4. Adjustments to the Pipeline Inventory
  - DPW will provide the developer with trip distributions from any other large developments (over 50 PHT) added to the inventory during the 90-day period. To be deemed concurrent, the subject developer will have to either add these other large developments to the forecast, or provide with the submittal of the traffic study other analysis showing that the additional trips will not cause the LOS to fall below the adopted standard, PROVIDED, the subject developer will not have to consider any other large developments whose concurrency inventory date is less than 30 days prior to the subject development's submittal date. The traffic study needs to document compliance with this section.
  - The applicant can propose subtractions from the pipeline Inventory with written supporting documentation. For example, a copy of a certificate of occupancy for a development showing that it was occupied as of the date of the traffic count for a particular key intersection.
- 5. Calculate traffic volumes for all turning movements at each key intersection for impacted critical arterial unit movement for three different scenarios:
  - <u>Current Traffic Volumes</u>: Existing traffic volumes from recent counts
  - <u>Future Traffic Volumes without Development</u>: Existing traffic volumes plus future traffic volumes from the pipeline inventory
  - <u>Future Traffic Volumes with Development</u>: Existing traffic volumes plus future traffic volumes from the pipeline inventory plus future traffic volumes from the development.
- 6. Show future traffic volumes in tabular format as in the following example.

Future Traffic Volumes for Intersection #169, SR-9 @ Marsh Road, AM Peak Hour												
Intersection ID# 169	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Current Counts	25	35	22	54	65	18	38	156	65	25	458	237
Pipeline Forecasts	5	7	4	11	13	4	8	31	13	5	92	47
Subtotal (Total without Project)	30	42	26	65	78	22	46	187	78	30	550	284
Project Trips	0	2	0	4	6	2	0	0	3	1	0	0
Total Forecast with Project	30	44	26	69	84	24	46	187	81	31	550	284

- 7. Show classification of impacted critical arterial unit (provided by County) (e.g.,Cat 2 > 40, Cat 1 Sub, etc.)
- 8. Determine which LOS standard applies to each impacted critical arterial unit. For urban arterial units the following applies:

Category #	R/U	DESCRIPTION	LOS A	LOS B	LOS C	LOS D	LOS E	LOS F
Cat 1 Urb	Urban	Category 1, Urban	>= 30	>= 24	>=18	>=14	>=10	< 10
Cat 1 Sub	Urban	Category 1, Suburban	>= 35	>= 28	>= 22	>= 17	>= 13	< 13

For Rural Arterial Units see Attachment C to Procedure 4210 available from DPW.

9.	arterial unit
	Synchro Highway Capacity Software
	Other with written permission of Concurrency Manager
40	For each imported existed extends unit provide a contract accurate average

10. For each impacted critical arterial unit movement, estimate current average peak hour directional travel speeds based on travel time studies using average car method. Attach copy of summary sheet. The study date should not be more than one year prior to the submittal date of the report. An older study is only acceptable with prior written permission from the department.

Travel Time Studies will be provided by Public Works if available.

- 11. Demonstrate the calibration of current conditions.
  - Base the link speeds in the arterial LOS models (e.g. SYNCHRO "Flow Speed") on measured speeds between intersections from the travel time studies discussed in step 10 above as opposed to posted speed. Freeflow speeds (50<sup>th</sup> percentile speeds) may be used absent better information.
  - Research, document and use in the modeling the current signal phasing and timing for any key intersections that are already signalized. Contact DPW for timing sheets for county intersections.
  - Provide DPW with worksheets showing final calibrated base run and network assumptions. Note: for some arterial units with significant improvements programmed for the next six years, (e.g., 35<sup>th</sup> AV SE from SR-96 to Seattle Hill Road), and with prior approval from Public Works, a "qualitative" calibration of existing conditions may be acceptable.
  - See also document available from Public Works titled, "Synchro Calibration Revision"
- 12. Estimate future travel speeds for:
  - <u>Future Traffic Volumes without Development</u>: Existing traffic volumes plus future traffic volumes from the pipeline inventory
  - <u>Future Traffic Volumes with Development</u>: Existing traffic volumes plus future traffic volumes from the pipeline inventory plus future traffic volumes from the development.

- 13. Document the assumptions and results. Provide the applicable reports from the modeling software including, but not limited to:
  - Attach all counts, travel time studies, signal timing sheets, etc.
  - Intersection reports for key intersections.
  - Arterial-level reports
- 14. Provide the final LOS model in electronic format (e.g., Synchro model for the different scenarios)
- 15. Summarize level-of-service (LOS) determination for all three scenarios. Indicate if LOS meets the adopted County standard.

# Sample Table Showing LOS Determinations

	LOS Determination Scenario Three: Future Volumes with Development											
Arterial Unit ID#	Critical Peak Hours	Critical Directions	Category of Arterial Unit	LOS Standard	Speed Threshold to Achieve LOS Standard	Estimated Travel Speed (miles per hour)	Meet or Exceed Standard?	Estimated Level of Service				
	AM	Northbound	Cat 1 Sub	LOS E	>= 13	25	Yes	LOS C				
332	Alvi	Southbound	Cat 1 Sub	LOS E	>= 13	15	Yes	LOS E				
332	PM	Northbound	Cat 1 Sub	LOS E	>= 13	10	No	LOS F				
	FIVI	Southbound	Cat 1 Sub	LOS E	>= 13	35	Yes	LOS A				

# \_ G. Required Attachments

- Critical Arterial Unit List. The list of critical arterial units is signed and dated by the County and the traffic consultant at the time of the traffic study scoping meeting. It is valid for 90 days.
- Pipeline Inventory Reports
- Copies of presubmittal checklists
- Copies of E-mails to/from County, including information about other large developments deemed concurrent subsequent to traffic study scoping meeting
- Traffic Counts
- Travel Time Studies
- Signal Timing Sheets
- Model Outputs (e.g., Synchro Reports)